# UX400-40/100GE Modules 40G/100G Ethernet/OTU3/OTU4

- > CFP Module
- > CFP2 / QSFP+ Module
- > CFP4 / QSFP+ Module
- > QSFP28 / QSFP+ Module





# VePAL UX400

**Universal Test Platform** 

#### **Next Generation Multi-Service Multi-User Platform**

VeEX® UX400 is the most flexible and future-proof test solution for Carrier Ethernet, Mobile Backhaul/ Fronthaul, Storage Area Networks, Core, Transport, Legacy, and Fiber Optics Testing ¹.



# 100G & 40G Multi-Protocol Test Module

The UX400 100G module, with its physical interfaces for OTU3, 40GE, OTU4, and 100G Ethernet testing, is a perfect complement to the UX400 Platform when combined with other modules. The UX400 modular platform offers a full range of link and service testing capabilities for a complete DS1 to OTU4 and 10 Mbps to 100 GE, Transport and Carrier Ethernet testing in a single compact unit.

Installation, commissioning, monitoring and maintenance of OTN and Ethernet networks is simplified thanks to a combination of intuitive features and powerful test function for fast troubleshooting and comprehensive analysis of transmission problems. Novice users benefit from the easy-to-use GUI, while experienced users will appreciate an array of advanced features such as CFP validation, OTL/PCS, CAUI/XLAUI Lane BERT, overhead monitor/control, Tandem Connection Monitoring, capture/decode, BERT, throughput test, and much more.

# **Module Highlights**

#### General

- CFP, CFP2, CFP4, QSFP28, QSFP+ ports compliant to MSA standards
- Up to two 100G CFP modules in one UX400 can be coupled for full bidirectional testing
- Up to six 100G CFP2, CFP4, or QSFP28 modules in one UX400 can be installed for up to 600 Gbps traffic generation
- SCPI-based remote control and scripting commands

#### OTN

- OTN testing for OTU3 and OTU4
- Complete multi-step Mapping/Multiplexing with Ethernet, SDH, SONET, PDH, DSn payloads
- Ethernet over OTN, ODU0 and ODUflex
- Service Disruption measurements
- Tandem Connection Monitoring
- Overhead monitoring and capture byte decoding
- · Payload and Line through monitor modes
- Per-lane optical power and frequency measurements

#### **Ethernet**

- 100G and 40G Ethernet testing
- Optical Lane BERT and CAUI/XLAUI Lane BERT
- PCS Layer Testing with Skew generation/monitoring
- Service Disruption Measurements
- RFC2544 testing
- Multi-stream testing up to 32 independent streams
- IPv4 and IPv6 traffic generation
- Q-in-Q (VLAN stacking) and multiple MPLS tag support
- BER testing at Layer 2 and Layer 3
- Smart Loop mode for Layer 2 and Layer 3
- Coupled operation (two modules)
- 1-way latency measurement
- Line rate packet capture with Wireshark™ decode

# SDH/SONET

- STM-256, OC-768, STL256.4 with bulk, PDH and DSn payloads
- Line Rate or as OTU3 payload

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Test interfaces, data rates, mappings, transmission protocols, and features depend on the availability of individual test modules

# **Test Interfaces**

#### **Module Versions**

**CFP** 



**OSFP+ and CFP4** 

**OSFP+ and CFP2** 

# **Auto Scripting**

The Auto Scripting feature is the perfect tool for the lab environment where multiple short-term or long-term test configurations are required to stress the network equipment and/or network under test, in order to measure and qualify the performance capabilities. The feature is also important in field operations, not only to speed-up service turn-up times, but also to facilitate the entire workforce the same test profiles and test procedures for day-to-day operations.

The Auto Scripting application is an automated sequence of tests that can be carried out by selecting previously configured Throughput or BERT profiles. The profiles can be created with ReVeal and then loaded to the unit or created directly on the unit in the Throughput and BERT applications. Users can select up to ten profiles, each profile configured with its own duration. The duration can be in seconds, minutes, hours, or days. The test sequence will begin with the first profile configured with its corresponding duration, followed by each profile after that. At the end of each profile tested a results file will be stored automatically before the test sequence continues to the next profile. Users have the option to continue or stop the auto scripting test if errors or alarms are detected.













# **Test Interfaces**

#### **Module Versions**

	CFP	CFP2	CFP4	QSFP28	QSFP+
100GBase-LR10	✓				
100GBase-LR4	✓	✓	✓		
100GBase-SR10	✓				
100GBase-SR4				✓	
40GBase-LR4	✓				✓
40GBase-SR4					✓
40GBase-FR	✓				

#### **Rates**

OTU4 111.810 Gbps
 100GE 103.125 Gbps
 OTU3 43.108 Gbps
 40GE 41.25 Gbps
 STM-256 39.81 Gbit/s
 OC-768 39.81 Gbit/s

# **Physical Layer (Optical Module Dependent)**

WDM

• 10x10G, 4x25G, 4x10G, 1x40G (NRZ)

SMF or MMF

**RX Optical Power Measurements** 

- Per-lane input power measurement
- ± 2 dB accuracy, 0.01 dB resolution
- Aggregated (total) power in dBm
- LOS and Saturation indication

TX Optical Power Monitoring

- Per-lane output power in dBm
- Aggregated (total) power in dBm

**RX Frequency Measurements** 

- RX Frequency (1 kHz resolution)
- Offset (ppm): Current, Minimum, Maximum

# Pluggable Optical Modules\*

Form Factors

• CFP, CFP2, CFP4, QSFP28, QSFP+

Information

 Power Class, Vendor, P/N, Serial Number, MSA HW revision, MSA MIS revision, Control 1 Register (IEEE), Expected Ability (supported rates)

#### Status

- Module status, Alarm status, Internal Temperature, Voltage
- Optical module unplugged
- Host Lane Fault, Network Lane Fault, Module Fault
- Network Lane Alarm, Module Alarm, General Alarm

Automatic initialization & laser safety reset (OFF) after hot swap Operating temperature range: -10°C to 70°C

CFP transceivers conform to Multi Source Agreement (MSA)
Safety: Class 1 Laser Product. Comply with FDA/CDRH 21 CFR
1040.10 and 1040.11, EN (IEC) 60825 eye safety regulations
ROHS compliant and Lead Free per Directive 2002/95/EC

#### **CAUI/XLAUI Control**

Pre-emphasis and Equalization control for 100G CAUI and 40G XLAUI interfaces

# Adjustments

- Independent (individual per-lane settings)
- Coupled Lanes (all the same)

#### TX Pre-emphasis

- Pre Tap, Post Tap 1, Post Tap 2 (0 to 15)
- Differential Voltage Offset (VOD): 200 to 1200 mV

#### **RX** Equalization

Control: 1 to 16 dB
 DC Gain: 0 to 12 dB

# TX Clock Source\*\*

Internal: Quartz, ± 3.5 ppm per ITU-T G.812

Tx Frequency Offset

- ±150 ppm
- Steps of 0.1 ppm

Recovered: from incoming RX signal

**External Clock Input** 

- Connector: 75 Ohm BNC
- 2.048 MHz, 1.544 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz
- 64 kbps, 1.544 Mbps, 2.048 Mbps (AMI, HDB3, B8ZS)
- 1 PPS

System's High-stability 1 PPS and 10 MHz Clock

- GPS Clock (UX400 platform option)
- Chip scale Atomic Clock (UX400 platform option)

Eye Diagram Clock Reference Output

- OTU4 and 100GE (4x25G only)
- Connector: 50 Ohm SMA
- OTU4 Frequency: 3.5 GHz
- 100GE Frequency: 3.22 GHz

#### **Measurement Clock Reference\*\***

Internal: Quartz, ± 3.5 ppm stability per ITU-T G.812 System's High-stability 1 PPS and 10 MHz Clock

- GPS Clock (UX400 platform option)
- Chip scale Atomic Clock (UX400 platform option)

<sup>\*</sup>Module dependent

<sup>\*\*</sup>Atomic clock can be disciplined by the GPS if both options are present. Check UX400 Platform datasheet for details.

# **OTN Testing**

The UX400-100G Module offers full range of OTN testing capabilities for OTU3 and OTU4 interfaces, including service-activation (Bringing-into-Service), performance verification, maintenance, and troubleshooting. It offers Multi-Layer testing from Physical layer (WDM), CFP, CAUI/XLAUI, OTL, OTU/ODUk, to bulk payloads, and Ethernet traffic generation up to 100% rate.

# **OTN Functions**

# **Key Featuress**

- OTU4 (111.81 Gbps)
- OTU3 (43.01 Gbps)
- Advanced Mapping/Multiplex Structures
- EoOTN testing with internally generated Ethernet payload mapped into OTU3 (up to 40 Gbps) or OTU4 (up to 100 Gbps)
- OTU, ODU, OPU overhead manipulation and monitoring
- OTU, ODU, OPU layer alarms/errors generation and analysis
- OTU, ODU, TCMi trace messages
- Forward error correction (FEC) testing
- Tandem Connection Monitoring
- · Frequency offset generation

# **Operating Modes**

Normal (terminal)

- The instrument terminates the line, serving as source and sink for the generated traffic
- Offers full access to Overhead and Payload alarms and error generation and monitoring

### Payload Through

- Instrument retransmits the received Payload and allows access to Overhead manipulation
- Offers full access to Overhead alarms and error generation as well as Payload monitoring

# Line Through

- Instrument regenerates and retransmits the entire received signal
- Offers minimal interaction with the test signal
- Provides full access to Overhead and Payload alarms and error monitoring

# **OTN Mappings**

Standards: ITU-T G.709, ITU-T G.798, ITU-T G.872 Test rates: OTU4 (111.81 Gbps), OTU3 (43.01 Gbps)

**Mapping Procedures** 

• AMP, BMP and GMP

# **Direct OTN Mapping Options**

Single-stage (direct) mapping options

- OTU4-ODU4(L)-OPU4-Bulk
- OTU4-ODU4-OPU4(L)-100GE
- OTU3-ODU3(L)-OPU3-Bulk
- OTU3-ODU3-OPU3(L)-40GE
- OTU3-ODU3-OPU3(L)-STM256/OC768

### **Payload Types**

- FE: Bulk (Test Pattern) Full Rate and Fixed Stuffing
- 07: Ethernet Traffic (Refer to Ethernet over OTN testing section for details)
- 02: Asynchronous CBR mapping (Refer to STM-256/OC-768)
- 03: Bit-synchronous CBR mapping (Refer to STM-256/OC-768)

# Single-Step OTN Mapping/Multiplex Options

OTU4 single-step mapping/multiplex structures

- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3 (31 TS)
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU2e (8 TS)
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU2 (8 TS)
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU1 (2 TS)
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU0 (1 TS)
- Flexible Tributary Slot (TS) selection

OTU3 single-step mapping/multiplex structures

- OTU3-ODU3-ODU2e (8 TS)
- OTU3-ODU3-ODU2 (8 TS)
- OTU3-ODU3-ODU1 (2 TS)
- OTU3-ODU3-ODU0 (1 TS)
- Flexible Tributary Slot (TS) selection

#### **ODUO Tributary Slots**

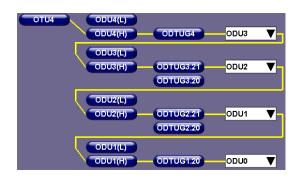
- ODTU4.1: N=1 of 80 TS
- ODTU3.1: N=1 of 32 TS
- Flexible Tributary Slot (TS) selection

#### **Payload Types**

- FE: Bulk (Test Pattern)
- 21: ODU Mux structure

# **Multi-step OTN Mapping/Multiplex Options**

These 40/100G options offer the most complete and flexible combinations of payload mappings and multiplexing structures available for lab, manufacturing, advanced service-activation testing, maintenance, and troubleshooting environments, without increasing complexity or requiring additional training.



OTU4 multi-step mapping/multiplex structures

- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3-ODU2e
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3-ODU2
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3-ODU2-ODU1
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3-ODU2-ODU1-ODU0
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3-ODU2-ODU0
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3-ODU1
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3-ODU1-ODU0
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3-ODU0
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU2-ODU1
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU2-ODU1-ODU0
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU2-ODU0
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU1-ODU0
- Flexible TS selection for each ODUk stage

#### OTU3 multi-step Mapping/Multiplex

- OTU3-ODU3-ODU2-ODU1
- OTU3-ODU3-ODU2-ODU1-ODU0
- OTU3-ODU3-ODU2-ODU0
- Flexible TS selection for each ODUk stage

#### **ODUO Tributary Slots**

- ODTU3.1: N = 1 of 32 TS
- ODTU2.1: N = 1 of 2 TS
- ODTU0.1: N = 1 of 2 TS
- Flexible TS selection

#### **Payload Types**

- FE: Bulk (Test Pattern)
- 20: ODU Mux structure
- 21: 1.25G Slot Multiplexing

# OTN with SDH/SONET/PDH/DSn Payload Options

These multi-step sub-rate mapping/multiplexing test options allow the creation of complex test signal structures, including any valid combination of OTN levels as well as internally-generated SDH/SONET and legacy PDH/DSn structures.

# OTN Map/Mux Levels

- OTU4 and OTU3 Interfaces
- ODU4, ODU3, ODU2, ODU1 and/or ODU0
- GMP, BMP and AMP mappings
- Flexible TS selection
- SDH, SONET or Bulk payloads
- Payload Types: 20, 21 and FE

#### SDH/SONET Map/Mux Levels

- STM256/STS768 to ODU3
- STM64/STS192 to ODU2
- STM16/STS48 to ODU1
- STM4/STS12 to ODU0
- STM1/STS3 to ODU0
- SDH: VC4-256c, VC4-64c, VC4-16c, VC4-4c, VC4, VC3, VC12, VC11; AU3/AU4
- SONET: STS768c, STS192c, STS48c, STS12c, STS3c, STS1, VT2, VT1.5
- PDH, DSn or Bulk payloads

# **PDH Multiplexing**

- E4, E3, E1, T3, T1, Nx64k, Nx56k
- E1 Async and Sync mapping

Alarm and Error monitoring at all levels

Service Disruption measurement at all OTN and SDH/SONET levels Operating Mode: Normal (Terminal)

# Single-Step ODUflex Mapping/Multiplex Options

Adds ODUflex capabilities to the single-step OTN Mapping/ Multiplex options

OTU4 ODUflex Mapping/Multiplex Structures (Nx1.25 Gbps)

• OTU4-ODU4-ODUflex

OTU3 ODUflex Mapping/Multiplex Structures (Nx1.25 Gbps)

• OTU3-ODU3-ODUflex

#### **ODUflex Tributary Slots**

• ODTU4.ts: N=1 to 80 TS

• ODTU3.ts: N=1 to 32 TS

• Flexible TS selection

# **Payload Types**

- FE: Bulk (Test Pattern)
- 21: 1.25G Slot Multiplexing

# Multi-step ODUflex Mapping/Multiplex Options

OTU4 ODUflex Mapping/Multiplex (Nx1.25 Gbps)

- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3-ODUflex
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU3-ODU2-ODUflex
- OTU4-ODU4-ODU2-ODUflex

OTU3 ODUflex Mapping/Multiplex (Nx1.25 Gbps)

• OTU3-ODU3-ODU2-ODUflex

#### **ODUflex Tributary Slots**

• ODTU3.ts: N = 1 to 32 TS

• ODTU2.ts: N = 1 to 8 TS

• Flexible TS selection for each ODU stage

#### **Payload Types**

FE: Bulk (Test Pattern)

• 21: 1.25G Slot Multiplexing

# **ODTUG Multiplexing**

Payload Types supported

- FE ODU4-PRBS, ODU3-PRBS
- 07 OTU4-100GE, OTU3-40GE
- 20 ODU Multiplex Structure
- 21 1.25G Slot Multiplexing

# **Test Setup**

Test configuration, menus, and results are presented in VeEX's intuitive GUI, requiring little or no training for new or existing VePAL™ users, maintaining a consistent user experience from the lab to the field.

Layer-based graphical configuration interface allow users to build the test signal in a logical layer by layer sequence

- CAUI/XLAUI
- OTL Lanes
- OTN Signal
- · ODUk (Mapping and Multiplexing)
- · Payload (Bulk or Ethernet)
- Test Pattern (CBR) or Traffic (Packets)

# **OTL Layer**

OTL4.10 (OTU4)

OTL3.4 (OTU3)

TX Lane Mapping and Skew Generation

• Lane ID, Lane #, and Channel assignments

# Lane Mappings

- Default (1 to 1)
- Random assignment
- Lane ID Shift

#### **Skew Settings**

- Skew Range: 0 to 64000 bits
- Adjustable Increment/Decrement steps (0 to 200 bits)
- Increase and Decrease control buttons and direct keypad entry
- Alarm Threshold (1 to 4000 bits)
- Enable/Disable RX MFAS Deskew

Per-Lane Alarm and Error Monitoring

- Alarms: OTL-LOL, OTL-OOL, OTL-LOF, OTL-OOF, OTL-LOR, OTL-OOR, OTL-OOLLM, OTL-OOMFAS, High Skew
- Errors: OTL-LLM, OTL-MFAS, OTL-FAS
- · Soft LED overview and individual event counters
- Per-lane Skew measurements in bits and picoseconds
- Independent OTL events log with time stamp

# **OTU Layer**

Alarm and Error Monitoring

- Alarms: LOM, OOM, SM-IAE, SM-BDI, SM-BIAE, SM-TIM
- Errors: MFAS, SM-BIP, SM-BEI, Correctable FEC, Uncorrectable FEC

# **ODU Layer**

Alarm and Error Monitoring

- · Alarms: AIS, OCI, LCK, PM-BDI, PM-TIM
- Errors: PM-BIP, PM-BEI

#### **OPU Layer**

Payload Type (PT): Generates and displays received PT value Expected Payload label setting

Enable/Disable PLM monitoring

Alarm and Error Monitoring

· Alarms: PLM, LO-OMFI, OO-OMFI

• Errors: OMFI (ODTU4.M)

# **GMP Stuffing**

TX Settings

• Extended Offset support (Enable/Disable)

· Effective Cm Value

TX Values

 Nominal Cm Value, Nominal Bit Rate (kbps), Effective Bit Rate (kbps), Offset (ppm)

Alarm and Error Monitoring

• Alarms: GMP Loss of Sync, GMP Cm=0; in seconds

• Errors: CRC-5, CRC-8; count and ratio

**RX Statistics** 

• Effective Cm Value, Minimum Cm Value, Maximum Cm Value

• Nominal Bit Rate (kbps), Effective Bit Rate (kbps), Offset (ppm)

 No Change, Single Increments, Double Increments, Single Decrements, Double Decrements, New Values

# **AMP Stuffing**

TX Settings

· Offset (ppm)

• Stuffing Method: +1/0/-1 (PJO2 not used), +2/0/-1 (PJO2 used)

**RX Statistics** 

• Offset (ppm)

• Positive, Double Positive, Negative, Total

# **BER Test**

Alarm and Error Monitoring

Alarms: LOP (Loss of Pattern)Errors: Bit (Test Sequence Error)

# **Test Patterns**

The following test sequences can be generated in Bulk mode

• PRBS: 2<sup>31</sup>-1, 2<sup>23</sup>-1, 2<sup>15</sup>-1, 2<sup>9</sup>-1

Normal or Inverted

# Service Disruption Measurementss

Service disruption measurements are integrated to the regular OTN BER test, supporting simultaneous monitoring of multiple Physical, OTL, OTU, ODU alarm and error sensors. Each layer is monitored independently, including all the ODU layers in multistage mapping/multiplexing configurations.

**Alarm Sensors** 

Physical layer: LOS

• OTL layer: LOF, OOF, LOL, OOL

OTN layers: OTU-LOM, OTU-OOM, SM-IAE, SM-BDI, SM-BIAE, ODU-LOF, ODU-OOF, ODU-LOM, ODU-OOM, ODU-LCK, ODU-OCI, ODU-AIS, PM-BDI

**Error Sensors** 

• OTL layer: FAS, MFAS

 OTN layers: OTU-MFAS, SM-BIP, SM-BEI, ODU-FAS, ODU-MFAS, PM-BIP, PM-BEI, Bit Error/Pattern Loss

Event Separation: 0 to 10000 ms Pass/Fail Limit: 1 to 1000 ms

**Results Summary** 

• Total number of Service Disruptions

• Current Service Disruption (μs)

• Last Service Disruption (μs)

Longest Service Disruption (μs)

Shortest Service Disruption (μs)

• Time stamped with 1 µs resolution

**Disruption Events Tables** 

• Track every Service Disruption event for each layer

• Time stamp with 1 μs resolution

• Duration with 1 μs resolution

Pass/Fail Verdict

 Tracks individual sensor events that occurred during the disruption period with time stamp and duration (1 μs resolution)

#### **Error Insertion**

OTL Layer

• FAS, MFAS, LLM

• Affected Lanes: Single or Multiple

• Modes: Single, Single Burst, Rate

OTU/ODU/OPU

 MFAS, SM-BIP, SM-BEI, Correctable FEC, Uncorrectable FEC, ODU-FAS, ODU-MFAS, PM-BIP, PM-BEI, TCMi-BIP, TCMi-BEI, GMP CRC-5, GMP CRC-8, OMFI (ODTU.M)

• Modes: Single, Single Burst, Rate

Payload

• Bit (Test Sequence Error)

• Modes: Single, Single Burst, Rate

# **Alarm Generation**

Physical Layer

• LOS

• Affected Optical Lanes: Single or Multiple

• Modes: Continuous (manual)

OTL Layer

• LOF, OOF, OOLLM, OOMFAS

• Affected Lanes: Single or Multiple

• Modes: Continuous (manual), Single Burst (# of ON frames), Continuous Burst (# of ON frames and # of OFF frames)

OTU/ODU/OPU

• OTU-LOM, OTU-OOM, SM-IAE, SM-BDI, SM-BIAE, SM-TIM, ODU-AIS, ODU-OCI, ODU-LCK, ODU-LOF, ODU-OOF, PM-BDI, PM-TIM, TCMI-AIS, TCMI-OCI, TCMI-LCK, TCMI-BDI, TCMI-TIM, TCMI-BIAE, TCMI-LTC, OPU-PLM, GMP LO-Sync, GMP Cm=0

• ODTU4.M: LO-OMFI, OO-OMFI

 Modes: Continuous (manual), Single Burst (# of ON frames), Continuous Burst (# of ON frames and # of OFF frames)

# **OTN Overhead Analysis and Generation**

Multi-stage support: Provides access to OTU and ODUk overheads for all the layers present in complex mapping/multiplex structures

• OTU4, ODU4, ODUk

• OTU3, ODU3, ODUk

Analysis – Decode and Display

Multiframe selection modes

• Display bytes can be locked to specific multi-fame (0 to 255)

Free running

Byte Decoding

· On-screen Decode of all bytes and strings

• Byte Capture (raw data): 256 bytes (Hex)

ODUk bytes in hexadecimal, binary or ASCII formats

• SM-TTI (SAPI, DAPI, User), SM-BIP, SM-BEI (BEI/BIAE, BDI, IAE)

• PM-TTI (SAPI, DAPI, User), PM-BIP, PM-BEI (BEI/BIAE, BDI, IAE)

 TC, TCMi-TTI (SAPI, DAPI, User), TCMi-BIP, TCMi-BEI (BEI/ BIAE, BDI, IAE)

GCC0, CCC1, GCC2 bytes

PCC/APS bytes

Reserved bytes

OPUk bytes in hexadecimal and binary formats

• JC1, JC2, JC3, JC4, JC5, JC6, PSI, NJO/OMFI

Generation - Programmable Bytes and sequences

OTU and ODU Trace Generation

- · SAPI (15 characters)
- · DAPI (15 characters)
- User (31 characters)

TCMi Trace Generation

- SAPI (15 characters)
- DAPI (15 characters)
- User (31 characters)

Set TCMi Status

- No source TC, In use without IAE, In use with IAE, Reserved, ODUk-LCK, ODUk-OCI, ODUk-AIS
- Enable/Disable TC monitoring

OTU/ODU Trace Analysis and Generation

- Programmable Transmit and Expected OTU and ODUk Traces
- OTU and ODU SAPI, DAPI, and User
- Enable/Disable OTU/ODU TIM monitoring

# **Tandem Connection Monitoring (TCM)**

TCMi Monitoring (1 through 6)

· Alarms: AIS, OCI, LCK, BDI, BIAE, LTC, TIM

• Errors: BIP, BEI

Trace Identifier Monitoring and Generation

- Programmable Transmit and Expected SAPI, DAPI and User traces
- · Copy trace from RX
- Enable/Disable TIM monitoring

# **Ethernet over OTN Testing\***

Internally generated Ethernet Payloads

- Layer 2
- Layer 3 (IPv4 and IPv6)
- VLAN: Up to 3 tags
- MPLS: Up to 3 tags

**Ethernet Testing** 

- BERT
- Throughput

Traffic Flows

- Programmable test bandwidth up to 100%
- Constant Bandwidth
- Ramp (Start BW, Stop BW, BW steps, Ramp time, Repetitions)
- Burst (Two traffic levels Burst 1 BW, Burst 2 BW, Burst 1 time, Bust 2 time)
- Single Burst (1 to 10000 frames)
- Unless otherwise specified, traffic (BW) values can be entered in % of line rate, # of IPG Bytes, Frames per Second, and Mbit/s

Test Patterns (payload)

- PRBS: 2<sup>31</sup>-1
- · Normal or Inverted

Test Traffic RX Filter

 MAC Source, MAC Destination, Frame Type, DSCP, Protocol Type, IP Source, IP Destination

# **Events Log**

Date and time stamped record of all events occurred during a test, presented in tabular format

Includes event name, time, duration and count/severity Individual event logs for OTL, OTN, BERT and Ethernet

#### **Soft LED Indicators**

Fixed OTN indicators for Signal, Framing, Pattern and Errors/Alarms Expanded, layer by layer, detailed status summary Display historical events and conditions History reset function

Clears the LED reminder without affecting the measurement counters

# **SDH/SONET Testing**

STM-256 and OC-768 signals can be used as physical layer or as OTU3 payloads, and can even contain multiplexed clients, providing all the flexibility to address complex test scenarios.

# **Key Features**

- STM-256 (39.81 Gbps)
- OC-768 (39.81 Gbps)
- 40GBase-FR (single wavelength) and 40GBase-LR4 (WDM)
- Bulk VC/STS payloads
- · Overhead manipulation and monitoring
- · Alarms/errors generation and analysis
- · Service Disruption and APS
- Round Trip Delay
- · Tributary Scan
- Tandem Connection Monitoring
- · Pointer Test Sequences

# **STL Functions**

# **STL Sub-layer**

STL256.4 (STM-256/OC-768)

TX Lane Mapping and Skew Generation

• Lane ID, TX Skew (bits), Lane #, and Channel assignments

#### Lane Mappings

- Default (1 to 1)
- Random assignment
- Lane ID Shift

# **Skew Settings**

- Skew Range: 0 to 64000 bits
- Adjustable Increment/Decrement steps (0 to 200 bits)
- Increase and Decrease control buttons and direct keypad entry
- User-configurable High Skew Alarm Threshold (1 to 4000 bits)

Per-Lane Alarm and Error Monitoring

- Alarms: STL-LOL, STL-OOL, STL-LOF, STL-OOF, STL-LOR, STL-OOR, STL-AIS, High Skew
- Errors: STL-FAS, STL-LLM
- Soft LED overview and individual event counters
- Per-lane Skew measurements in bits and picoseconds
- Independent STL events log with time stamp

# **STL Error Injection**

FAS, LLM

- Affected Lanes: Single or Multiple
- Modes: Single, Single Burst, Rate

# **STL Alarm Generation**

LOS

- Affected Optical Lanes: Single or Multiple
- Modes: Continuous (manual)

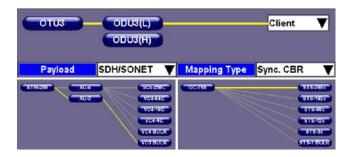
LOF, OOF, AIS

- Affected Lanes: Single or Multiple
- Modes: Continuous (manual), Single Burst (# of ON frames),
   Continuous Burst (# of ON frames and # of OFF frames)

<sup>\*</sup>Refer to the Ethernet Testing section for more details on Ethernet test results.

# **SDH/SONET Functions**

# **Signal Structures**



#### SDH/SONET over OTN

- OTU3-ODU3(L)-OPU3(L)-STM256-AU4/AU3-VCn
- OTU3-ODU3(L)-OPU3(L)-OC768-STSn
- Bit-Synchronous or Asynchronous CBR mappings

#### SDH/SONET

- STM256-AU4/AU3-VCn
- OC768-STSn

#### Mappings

- VCn: VC4-256c, VC4-64c, VC4-16c, VC4-4c, VC4, VC3
- STSn: STS-768c, STS-192c, STS-48c, STS-12c, STS-3c, STS-1

#### **Payload**

• Bulk (PRBS)

# STL256.4 with PDH/DSn Payload Option

This SDH/SONET multi-step sub-rate mapping/multiplexing test option allows the creation of complex test signal structures, including any valid combination of VC/STS levels as well as internally-generated legacy PDH/DSn structures.

#### SDH/SONET Rates

STM-256 and OC-768

# SDH/SONET Map/Mux Levels

- SDH: VC4-256c, VC4-64c, VC4-16c, VC4-4c, VC4, VC3, VC12, VC11; AU3/AU4
- SONET: STS768c, STS192c, STS48c, STS12c, STS3c, STS1, VT2, VT1.5
- PDH, DSn or Bulk payloads

#### **PDH Multiplexing**

- E4, E3, E1, T3, T1, Nx64k, Nx56k
- E1 Async and Sync mapping

Alarm and Error monitoring at all levels

Service Disruption measurement at SDH/SONET level

Operating Mode: Normal (Terminal)

# **SDH Overhead Analysis and Generation**

Network Architectures supported

- Linear (per ITU-T G.783)
- Ring (per ITU-T G.841)

# Analysis – Decode and Display

SOH/POH bytes in hexadecimal, binary or ASCII formats

- S1 synchronization status
- C2 HP signal label
- TCM API Message
- J0 trace identifier (1, 16 or 64) in ASCII format
- J1 trace identifier (16 or 64 bytes) in ASCII format
- K1, K2 APS Control

#### Generation - Programmable Bytes

#### **RSOH**

• J0 trace: 1 byte hexadecimal, 16 byte ASCII with CRC-7 and 64 byte with CR+LF

#### **MSOH**

- K1, K2 APS bytes per ITU-T G.783 and G.841
- · S1 synchronization status message

# HO-POH (VC-4, VC-3)

- J1 trace: 16-byte ASCII with CRC-7 or 64-byte ASCII sequences
- · C2 signal label
- G1 (bit 5): End-to-end path status (RDI generation)
- K3 (bits 1-4) APS signaling

#### LO-POH (VC-3)

- J1 trace: 16-byte ASCII with CRC-7 or 64-byte ASCII sequences
- C2 signal label
- TCM API Message (Enable/Disable)
- G1 (bit 5): End-to-end path status (RDI generation)
- K3 (bits 1-4) APS signaling

# **SONET Overhead Analysis and Generation**

**Network Architectures supported** 

- Linear (per ITU-T G.783)
- Ring (per ITU-T G.841)

# Analysis - Decode and Display

SOH/POH bytes in hexadecimal, binary or ASCII formats

- S1 synchronization status
- · C2 STS path signal label
- J0 trace identifier (1, 16 or 64) in ASCII format
- J1 trace identifier (16 or 64 bytes) in ASCII format
- J2 trace identifier (16 or 64 bytes) in ASCII format
- K1, K2 APS Control

# Generation - Programmable Bytes

#### Section Overhead

 J0 trace: 1 byte hexadecimal, 16 byte ASCII with CRC-7 and 64 byte with CR+LF

# Line Overhead

- K1, K2 APS bytes per ITU-T G.783 and G.841
- S1 synchronization status message

# STS-POH (STS-N SPE, STS-1 SPE)

- J1 trace: 16-byte ASCII with CRC-7 or 64-byte ASCII sequences
- · C2 signal label
- G1 (bit 5): End-to-end path status (RDI generation)
- K3 (bits 1-4) APS signaling

#### STS-POH (STS-1 SPE)

- J1 trace: 16 byte ASCII with CRC-7 or 64 byte ASCII sequence
- C2 signal label
- G1 (bit 5): End-to-end path status (RDI generation)
- K3 (bits 1-4) APS signaling

# **SDH/SONET Alarms**

Monitoring and Detection

- SDH: LOS, LOF, OOF, RS-TIM, MS-AIS, MS-RDI, AU-AIS, AU-LOP, HP-UNEQ, HP-PLM, HP-TIM, HP-RDI
- SONET: LOS, LOF, AIS-L, RDI-L, TIM-S, AIS-P, LOP-P, UNEQ-P, PLM-P, TIM-P, RDI-P

#### Generation

- SDH: LOS, LOF, MS-AIS, MS-RDI, RS-TIM, AU-LOP, AU-AIS, HP-UNEQ, HP-PLM, HP-RDI, HP-TIM
- SONET: LOS, LOF, AIS-L, RDI-L, TIM-S, TIM-P, LOP-P, AIS-P, UNEQ-P, PLM-P, RDI-P
- Modes: Continuous (manual), Single Burst (# of ON frames),
   Continuous Burst (# of ON frames and # of OFF frames)

# SDH/SONET

#### **SDH/SONET Errors**

#### Detection

- SDH: FAS, B1, B2, MS-REI, B3, HP-REI and bit errors
- SONET: FAS, S-BIP, L-BIP, REI-L, P-BIP, REI-P and bit errors Insertion
  - SDH: FAS, B1, B2, MS-REI, B3, HP-REI and bit errors
  - SONET: FAS, BIP-S, BIP-L, REI-L, BIP-P, REI-P and bit
  - Modes: Single, Single Burst, Rate

# **Functions & Measurements**

#### **Test Patterns**

The following test sequences can be generated to fill the payload

- PRBS: 2<sup>31</sup>-1, 2<sup>23</sup>-1, 2<sup>15</sup>-1, 2<sup>9</sup>-1
- · Normal or Inverted

# **Signal and Frequency Measurement**

Signal level

• Optical power in dBm (TX and RX, per Optical Lane)

Frequency (Line)

• Resolution: 1 Kbit/s (Kbps)

Frequency Offset

Resolution: 0.1 ppm

Current, Minimum and Maximum

Payload

# **Service Disruption Measurements**

Service disruption time (SDT) measurements are integrated to the regular BER tests, supporting multi-layer sensor monitoring for STM-256, OC-768 and SDH/SONET over OTN. Each layer is monitored independently, including OTL, OTN, ODU, STL and VC/STS layers in multi-stage mapping/multiplexing configurations.

# **Alarm Sensors**

Physical layer: LOS

• OTL layer: Refer to OTN Service Disruption

• OTN: Refer to OTN Service Disruption

• STL layer: LOF, OOF, LOL, OOL

• SDH Layer: LOF, OOF, MS-AIS, MS-RDI, AU-AIS, AU-LOP, HP-RDI

• SONET Layer: LOF, OOF, AIS-L, RDI-L, AIS-P, LOP-P, RDI-P

#### **Error Sensors**

• OTL layer: Refer to OTN Service Disruption

• OTN: Refer to OTN Service Disruption

• STL layer: FAS, MFAS

SDH Layer: FAS, B1, B2, MS-REI, B3, HP-REI

• SONET Layer: FAS, BIP-S, BIP-L, REI-L, BIP-P, REI-P

• Payload: Bit Error/Pattern Loss Event Separation: 0 to 10000 ms Pass/Fail Limit: 1 to 1000 ms

#### **Results Summary**

• Total number of Service Disruptions

• Current Service Disruption (μs)

Last Service Disruption (μs)

Longest Service Disruption (μs)

• Shortest Service Disruption (μs)

• Time stamped with 1 μs resolution

# **Disruption Events Tables**

• Track every Service Disruption event for each layer

• Time stamp with 1 μs resolution

- $\bullet\,$  Duration with 1  $\mu s$  resolution
- Pass/Fail Verdict
- $\bullet$  Tracks individual sensor events that occurred during the disruption period with time stamp and duration (1  $\mu s$  resolution)

# Pointer Analysis and G.783 Test Sequences

Pointer movements monitoring and generation for SDH and SONET Monitor

- Current value, increments, decrements, sum, difference
- New Data Flags (NDF)
- Tributary frequency offset (ppm of AU or STS)

#### Generation

- Pointer sequences: ITU-T G.783, Telcordia GR-253
- Pointer Types: AU, STS
- Single pointer, increment, decrement, or increment/decrement
- Sequence: Basic, Single Alternating, Regular Additive, Regular Cancel, Double Alternating, Burst, Transient Burst, 87/3, 87/3 Additive, 87/3 Cancel, Periodic Additive, Periodic Cancel
- Programming of SS bits
- Adjustments: Increment, Decrement, New Value
- Parameters: N, T1, T2, T3, T4

# **Tandem Connection Monitoring (TCM)**

Generation and analysis of N1 and N2 bytes

Errors generated: TC-IEC, TC-REI, TC-OEI

 ${\bf Alarms\ generated:\ TC\text{-}LOF,\ TC\text{-}RDI,\ TC\text{-}UNEQ,\ TC\text{-}AIS,\ TC\text{-}ODI}$ 

Detection, display, analysis and storage of events

- TC-LOF, TC-IEC, TC-AIS, TC-REI, TC-RDI, TC-OEI, TC-UNEQ, TC-ODI
- Analysis and generation of APId (Access Point Identifier)

# **Events Log**

Date and time stamped record of all events occurred during a test, presented in tabular format

Includes event name, time, duration and count/severity

# **Histograms and Bar Graphs**

Histogram: Display of related Errors and Alarms versus time

Bar Graph: Error or Alarm severity versus time Resolution: Seconds, minutes, hours and days

# **Soft LED Indicators**

Fixed indicators for Signal, Framing, Pattern and Errors/Alarms Display historical events and conditions

# **Ethernet Testing** 100GE and 40GE Functions

Reliability, Scalability and Quality of Service are the attributes needed for Ethernet to turn into Carrier-grade Ethernet. With standard features including RFC2544 and Ethernet, MPLS and VLAN support, the UX400 has all the tools necessary to truly ensure end-to-end carrier-grade Ethernet services.

### **Key Features**

- 100G Ethernet (103.125 Gbps)
- 40G Ethernet (41.25 Gbps)
- Transmit frequency offset to stress the network up to ±150 ppm
- Optical Lane BERT
- CAUI/XLAUI Lane BERT
- PCS Layer Testing with Skew generation/monitoring
- Service Disruption Measurements
- Throughput, latency, jitter, frame loss, and back-to-back measurements per industry-standard RFC2544
- · Multi-stream testing with up to 32 fully independent and configurable streams
- IPv4 and IPv6 traffic generation
- MAC Flooding
- VLAN Flooding
- Q-in-Q (VLAN stacking) and multiple MPLS tag support
- BER testing at Layer 2 and Layer 3 with or without VLAN and MPLS tags
- Smart Loop mode for Layer 2 and Layer 3 with all key measurements on received traffic provided on the loopback port
- Coupled operation (two modules)
- One-way latency measurements between two 40/100G modules installed on the same unit (no GPS synchronization required)
- One-way latency measurement between remote devices (with GPS synchronization) or two modules in the same unit
- Line rate packet capture with Wireshark™ decode

# **Interfaces**

100GE/40GE Compliant with IEEE 802.3ba

CFP transceiver interface compliant with CFP MSA (100G/40G Base R) and 10x10 standard

CFP Interface bit rates

• 40G Base-R: 41.25 Gbps

• 100G Base-R: 103.125 Gbps

Frequency offset: +/- 150ppm (0.1 ppm step)

External reference clock input: 2.048 Mbps, 2.048 MHz, 1.544 Mbps, 1.544 MHz, 10 MHz, Received signal

# **Operating Modes**

Terminate Loopback

# 100G/40G PCS Layer Testing

PCS lane mapping: default, manually defined, random or shift PCS Skew generation per lane pair (0 to 16000 bits)

Configurable Skew alarm threshold

RX Skew tolerance up to 4000 bits

RX PCS lane monitoring: skew measurement (bits and ps) and lane mapping

PCS Error/Alarm injection per lane or all lanes

PCS Error injection (single, burst or rate): Invalid Sync Header, Invalid Alignment Marker, BIP error

PCS Alarm injection (continuous): Loss of Alignment Marker Lock, Loss of Block Lock, High BER

PCS Lane Error counters (aggregate and per lane): Invalid Sync Header, Invalid Alignment Marker, BIP error

PCS Lane Alarm: Loss of Alignment, Loss of block label, High-BER

# **Lane BERT**

Per CAUI/XLAUI lane or optical lane unframed BERT PRBS pattern: 2<sup>31</sup>-1, 2<sup>23</sup>-1, 2<sup>15</sup>-1, 2<sup>7</sup>-1

Error injection (single or burst) per lane or multiple lanes: Bit error Alarm injection per optical lane or multiple optical lanes: Optical LOS Per lane and aggregate Bit error count and rate and Pattern loss

# **CAUI/XLAUI Signal Configuration**

Per lane or all lanes TX pre-emphasis and RX equalization setup TX configuration: VOD (mV), pre-emphasis (Pre Tap, Post Tap 1, Post Tap 2)

RX configuration: DC gain and Control

#### **Optical Power Measurement**

Per wavelength TX and RX power measurements CFP vendor's detailed register display: Vendor, part number, Serial number, standard compliance

Optical module status: Temperature, Voltage, Alarm status

# **Framed Ethernet Traffic Generation**

Layer 2 or Layer 3 traffic

Test Frame Header

- IEEE 802.3 and Ethernet II (DIX) frames
- Configurable Source and Destination MAC and Ethernet Type
- VLAN stacking up to 3 VLAN tags w/configurable priority & type
- Fully configurable IPv4 or IPv6 header
- MPLS up to 3 labels with configurable Label/S/CoS and TTL

Frame generation in fixed, random, increment, decrement modes

• Frame sizes from 64 to 1518 bytes and jumbo frames up to 10000 bytes MAC flooding feature generates test frames with up to 4096

incremental Source and/or Destination MAC addresses VLAN flooding feature generates test frames with up to 4096

incremental VLAN IDs

Traffic Pattern: Constant, Ramp, Multi Bursts, Single Burst Ethernet Error Injection: Bit, CRC, Pause, IP Checksum, runt (60 bytes) PCS Error Injection (per lane or multiple lanes): Invalid Sync Header, Invalid Alignment Marker, BIP error

Ethernet Alarm Injection: Local Fault, Remote Fault, Optical LOS PCS Alarm Injection: Loss of Alignment Marker Lock, Loss of Block Lock, High BER

#### **Key Measurements**

Error Measurements: Bit/BER (BERT and single stream Throughput Test), CRC, PCS Errored Blocks, IP checksum, jabber frames, runt frames, Frame loss (count and %), OSS Alarm Detection: LOS, Service Disruption, Local and Remote Fault PCS Alarms and Errors: Loss of Alignment, Loss of block label, High-BER, Invalid Sync Header, Invalid Alignment Marker, BIP error Frame/Packet Statistics: Multicast, broadcast, unicast, pause frames, frame size distribution

Rates (min, max, average and current): frame rate, bandwidth utilization, frame rate, line rate, data rate

Delay (min, max, average and current): round trip delay, inter frame gap, jitter, local one-way delay (between 2 modules on the same unit) or one-way delay between remote devices with GPS synchronization

# **ETHERNET**

#### **Service Disruption Time (SDT)**

Concurrent service disruption measurements are integrated to regular Ethernet tests, supporting simultaneous monitoring of multiple triggers at all layers

Layer 2 BERT triggers

- LOS, LOBL, LOAML, LOA, Local and Remote faults
- FCS error, Pattern loss

Layer 3 BERT triggers

- · LOS, LOBL, LOAML, LOA, Local and Remote faults
- FCS error, IP check sum error, Pattern loss

Layer 2 Throughput triggers

- LOS, LOBL, LOAML, LOA, Local and Remote faults
- FCS error, Lost (Missing) frame, Out of sequence, Duplicate frames Layer 3 Throughput triggers
  - LOS, LOBL, LOAML, LOA, Local and Remote faults
  - FCS error, IP check sum error, Lost (Missing) frame, Out of sequence, Duplicate frames

Measurements

- Disruption time: Current, Last, Minimum, Maximum, Total
- Number of occurrences
- Resolution: 1 μs

# **Multiple Streams Throughput Testing**

Up to 32 independent traffic streams generation and analysis, with configurable filters

Each stream can be set with independent frame size, bandwidth, traffic profile, and QoS levels

# **RFC2544 Compliance Testing**

Automated tests compliant with RFC2544 with configurable threshold values and maximum transmit bandwidth settings Throughput, Latency, Jitter, Frame Loss, and Back-to-Back (burst) tests Frame sizes: 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 1280, and 1518 bytes including 2 user configurable frames

# Intelligent Network/Device Discovery

Easily discover and select another VeEX Ethernet tester or loopback device on the network under test. The local device will control the operation of the far end device, in either loopback or peer-to-peer mode (symmetrical or asymmetrical traffic generation mode). This feature greatly simplifies field testing since there is no need for a second technician to be at the far end configuring the test partner device.



#### **Loopback Mode**

Loopback mode is supported locally by manualy starting/stopping the loopback function or remotely by sending loop up/down commands.

Layer 2: all incoming traffic is looped back with MAC source and destination addresses swapped

Layer 3: all incoming traffic is looped back with MAC and IP source and destination addresses swapped

Loopback traffic filters with all MAC/VLAN/IP parameters configurable All key measurements on received traffic provided on the loopback port

#### **V-Route**

V-Route helps speed up the turn-up process of 100GE switches and routers. The guided test procedure for Switch/Router wrap testing between two modules on the same chassis helps users quickly and easily qualify switch and router interfaces before installation. Layer 2 and Layer 3 performance testing is carried out with just a few quick steps.

# **IP Test Suite**

IP Configuration and validation (IPv4, IPv6, Static, DHCP, PPPoE) MAC address (configurable or default) Ping and trace-route tests (IP address or URL) Network discovery/ARP wizard

#### IPv6

IPv6 compliant test traffic generation and analysis for all test applications (Y.1564 V-SAM, RFC2544, BERT and Multi-stream Throughput)

IPv6 Loopback capability

IPv6 Static or Stateless Auto Configuration and Ping function

#### **Packet Capture and Decode**

Packet capture at line rate Configurable capture filters Capture files export to PCAP format Built-in Wireshark™ packet decode

# **Additional Functions**

#### **Test Results Management**

Local and remote web-based interface provides easy access and manipulation to OTN and Ethernet Test Results Save, View, Rename, Lock and Delete functions

Export results to USB

• PDF, CSV, TXT formats

File Organizer

• Filtering per test result type

**File Sorting** 

• By Name, Port, Test Type, Date, Size, Locked/Unlocked

Screen capture: Screen shots in .bmp format

# **Remote Access and Control**

Compatible with VeEX SCPI Reference & Remote Client (optional) Compatible with multi-platform VNC® clients Web-based VNC® server (no PC client required) ReVeal UX400 Data Management

- Test results management
- · Advanced report generation with html, pdf, or csv formats, combine test results, add logos and comments
- Test profiles management: Online or offline test profile creation, upload and download

# General

**Power Consumption** 

Active 58 watts (max) CFP

28 watts (max) CFP2/QSFP+,

CFP4/QSFP+, QSFP28/QSFP+

Standby <1 watt

Environmental

Operating temperature 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F) Storage temperature -20 to 70°C (-4 to 158°F) Humidity 5% to 90% non-condensing ROHS compliant and Lead Free per Directive 2002/95/EC

